183 acres and 16 guntas was assigned to landless persons from Harijan and Backward Classes.

(ii) Land Records, Survey and Settlement.

645. Though the classification of soils is done broadly on the same lines in all the constituent units of the New State, the systems of survey and maintenance are diverse. The question of bringing about a uniform system of survey classification and maintenance work throughout the New State was under consideration.

Erstwhile Mysore State.

646. In the Erstwhile Mysore State the following special items of work were attended to :—

Special Item of Work.

(a) Demarcation of 103 blocks covering 324 acres and 37 guntas in Hassuvina Kaval and derequisitioning of 181 acres of land belonging to Krishnarajapuram Military Centre and Ghee Heating Centre was done.

(b) Training was imparted to three batches of Patels and Shanbhogues in Yelahanka and Hessarghatta Hoblies of Bangalore North Taluk for a period of six weeks.

647. In Government villages, the number of Darkhast Phod and Miscellaneous Records of Rights and Hadbust Records, etc., disposed of during the year was 17,603 (11,845).

Work in Government Villages.

648. The details of phod work, classification, bandh-pahani and detection of encroachments on Government lands were :—

Sl. No.	Work	Number of villages	Blocks	Area
				Acre Guntas
1	Measurement ...	8,688 villages *plus* 4,376 plane table stations with a chainage of 15,571—40 chains.	17,913	55,784—18 1/2
2	Classification ..	7,723 (2,592)	13,409 (10,725)	41,794—09 (39,483—37)
3	Bandpahani ...	4,863 (3,252)	13,665 (12,413)	...
4	Detection of encroachment.	817 (486) cases	...	793 —23 (486 — 7)

649. A sum of Rs. 46,427 (Rs. 44,301) was realised on account of fees charged for phoding survey numbers, etc.

650. Key maps of 931 villages consisting of 99,289 survey numbers were printed during the year. Hand-drawn maps of 61 unsettled inam villages comprising 3,438

survey numbers were prepared. Up-to-date corrections and changes were effected in respect of 14,445 survey numbers in 2,221 copies of printed maps pertaining to several taluks in the State. A set of maps of the New Mysore State both in Kannada and English was prepared.

651. A sum of Rs. 15,017-50 was realised from the sale of maps. The stock of maps at the end of the year was 5,40,305 costing Rs. 13,93,477.

Akarbands and Phaisal patrikas.

652. The rectification of Akarband was completed in respect of 1,863 (2,082) Phod records.

653. The work of preparing copies of Akarband and Phaisal Patrikas of 65 (20) inam villages were completed after settlement. Akarbands of 24 (7) inam villages were prepared.

654. Rectification of Akarbands as a result of mistakes detected during mutation measurements was completed in respect of 115 (193) villages.

655. The number of conversion records disposed of was 115 (105). Copies of Akarbands of 10 villages and Phaisal patrikas of two villages were prepared and supplied to various offices for reference.

Scrutiny of Land Records.

656. Out of a total of 3,595 Phod records, 3,127 (2,810) were disposed of leaving a balance of 468 (625) at the end of the year.

657. Three hundred and fifty-two opinion records were disposed of out of 438 records.

Mutation Records.

658. Out of 8,510 mutation records, 2,731 records were disposed of leaving a balance of 5,779 at the close of the year.

659. The total amount realised towards copying charges was Rs. 16,978 (Rs. 15,725).

Remuneration to Patels and Shanbhogues.

660. The decennial revision and refixing of potgi were done in respect of 925 and 300 villages, respectively. In addition, biennial and pukka potgi statements were completed in respect of 37 villages.

Survey Training.

661. Out of 75 candidates recruited by the Public Service Commission, 67 underwent the Survey Training Course, and 56 candidates came out successfully.

Record of Rights.

662. The Record of Rights was in the maintenance stage in all taluks in the State excluding Bellary District. Inam Assistant Superintendent and District Survey Officer,

Bangalore were in charge of Record of Rights work in inam villages in Bangalore District, wherein field work on large scale had been taken up. In other districts, the District Survey Officers were in charge of this work in addition to their usual duties. The detailed survey commenced from May 1956.

663. There were 483 unsurveyed and unsettled inam villages in Bangalore District. The survey and settlement work was in progress during the year.

664. Record of Rights was introduced in 44 inam villages spread over several taluks in the State.

665. An amount of Rs. 1,16,342 was spent for the above Inam Survey Scheme.

666. Special items of work done during the Second Reclassification work in Hiriyur, Hosadurga and Holalkere were :—

1. Measurement of Phut Kharab brought under cultivation involving a total extent of 12,742 acres and one gunta.

2. Measurement relating to conversion of Phut Kharab into garden or wet involving a total extent of 1,222 acres and 34 guntas.

667. The expenditure under the Reclassification work for the year amounted to Rs. 2,61,898-56 (Rs. 2,82,583-19).

668. In Bellary district, the work of Land Records Department was in charge of District Survey Officer. The filed survey work of 15 villages of ex-Sandur State taken up as per Madras Survey System was completed by 30th June 1956.

MADRAS AREA.

669. The settlement enquiry in respect of the two estates Mullur and Uganiam forming part of Sivasamudram, Jahagir of Kollegal Taluk, which were declared as Inam Estates under Section 9 of the Estate Abolition Act, was completed and settlement introduced. An amount of Rs. 75,000 was provided for payment of compensation to Inamdars.

670. *South Kanara District*—A Survey Training School for training Karnam candidates was held at Moodabidri. The total number of Revenue Registry cases

received was 19,180. During the Revenue year. 7,282 cases were disposed of.

Coorg.

671. When Coorg became part of the New Mysore State after the reorganisation, the Deputy Commissioner was placed in entire charge of the Land Records Department.

672. Resettlement operations were in progress. From the middle of March 1957, the writing up of the second copy of the Jamabandi Registers and finalising the village plans was commenced. This work in respect of 20 villages out of 33 Mercara Nad was completed by the end of March 1957.

Hyderabad Area.

673. The Hissa Survey work in Gulberga, Raichur and Bidar is entrusted to the Survey parties, from January 1957.

674. The cost of survey per acre varied from Re. 0-79 to Re. 0-58 and for each Survey Number from Rs. 2-88 to Rs. 3-24.

Bombay Area.

675. The Pot Hissa measurement in respect of 22,141 Sub-Divisions was carried out during the year. The cost of the establishment was being recovered from the holders of the Sub-Divisions.

676. Under Post-War Reconstruction Scheme No. 74 (Implementation of the Prevention of Fragmentation and Consolidation of Holidings Act, 1947, Bombay), the staff has measured 2,321 hissas in 58 villages, 42,267 hissas of 145 villages were marked on the village map.

677. The Scheme in respect of 69 villages were taken up, of which schemes for 61 villages were completed and published.

Inams.

678. *Field work*—Detailed survey work was conducted in 22 inam villages comprising 2,322 *plus* 62 Survey Number blocks with an extent of 10,710 acres.

(b) Original Classification work was done in 18 villages comprising 1,873+10 S. No. blocks with an area of 9,577 acres.

(c) Resurvey work was done in 12 villages comprising 110 blocks with an area of 147 acres and 13 guntas.

(d) Reclassification was done in 12 inam villages with an area of 147 acres and 13 guntas, comprising 110 blocks.

(e) Boundary marks were erected in 17 villages involving 2,438 survey numbers.

(f) Hissa survey work was done in 35 villages comprising 7,089 hissas.

(g) Inams tenure was cancelled in respect of three inam lands.

679. Original survey and settlement was introduced in 44 inam villages, besides attending to revision settlement of four villages.

680. Record of Rights was introduced in 44 inam villages spread over several taluks in the State.